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801  Accuracy of In Vivo Multimodal Optical Imaging for Detection of Oral Neoplasia
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810  The CDK4/6 Inhibitor PD0332991 Reverses Epithelial Dysplasia Associated with Abnormal Activation of the Cyclin-CDK-Rb Pathway
M. Carla Cabrera, Edgar S. Díaz-Cruz, Bhaskar V.S. Kallakury, Michael J. Fishvaian, Clinton J. Grubbs, Donald D. Muccio, and Priscilla A. Furth

822  A Novel Sulindac Derivative that Potently Suppresses Colon Tumor Cell Growth by Inhibiting cGMP Phosphodiesterase and β-Catenin Transcriptional Activity
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834  A Risk Model for Lung Cancer Incidence

Bilateral Oophorectomy, Body Mass Index, and Mortality in U.S. Women Aged 40 Years and Older
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A Study of Prostaglandin Pathway Genes and Interactions with Current Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory Drug Use in Colorectal Adenoma
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A Novel Taspine Derivative, HMQ1611, Inhibits Breast Cancer Cell Growth via Estrogen Receptor α and EGF Receptor Signaling Pathways
Yingzhuan Zhan, Yanmin Zhang, Cuicui Liu, Jie Zhang, Wanli W. Smith, Nan Wang, Yinnan Chen, Lei Zheng, and Langchong He

Can a National Lung Cancer Screening Program in Combination with Smoking Cessation Policies Cause an Early Decrease in Tobacco Deaths in Italy?
Giulia Carreras, Giuseppe Gorini, and Eugenio Paci

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

883  Novel Flavonoid Didymin Inhibits Neuroblastomas—Letter
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ABOUT THE COVER

Curing oral cancer depends largely on early detection, without which oral cancer survival rates remain low. The new development of a multimodal optical imaging system (comprising white light exam, autofluorescence imaging, and high-resolution microendoscopy) for in situ tissue evaluation promises to improve clinicians’ ability to detect early disease and treat advanced cancers. The cover features autofluorescence imaging of a site on the left mid-tongue showing severe dysplasia [dark area (center) indicating loss of fluorescence intensity; nestled above and right of the blue area of the tongue] in an oral premalignancy patient. See article by Pierce et al. (beginning on page 801) for more information.